Annual Report April 30, 2014

A MESSAGE TO OUR SHAREHOLDERS

APRIL 30, 2014

Dear Shareholder,

We are pleased to offer the first annual report of the Monongahela All Cap Value Fund (the "Fund".) During our shortened initial fiscal year (July 1, 2013 to April 30, 2014), the market continued to provide outsized returns. The S&P 500 Index was up 18.63% during that period while our Fund was up 14.29%.

In an environment of historically low interest rates, we were able to find value across the market cap spectrum. Our two largest positions as of the close of our fiscal year (April 30th), International Business Machines ("IBM") and II-VI Corporation represent opposite ends of the capitalization universe.

<u>IBM</u> has fallen out of favor as the transition from hardware to service to cloud sourcing continues. Virginia Rometty, the company's relatively new chairwoman, continues shedding older, lower-margin businesses and migrating towards analytics and cloud sourcing. While the outcome of her efforts is yet to be known, the healthy balance sheet and above average dividend gives us the patience to stay with this 103 year old company.

Our second largest position, <u>II-VI Corporation</u> is under \$1 billion in market capitalization. A designer and manufacturer of optic electronic components and engineered materials, the company has struggled with acquisition indigestion and disappointing profit margins. This has pushed the stock towards the bottom of a three year range. While recent results have been disappointing, management is addressing the issues and our earnings and cash flow forecast suggest discounted value at this level.

We believe that successful portfolio management demands culling underperforming positions where the investment thesis has changed, as well as the (always pleasant) task of harvesting positions that have significantly exceeded what we believe to be their intrinsic value. In the category of changing theses, two positions were removed in the energy and infrastructure segments. Talisman Energy Inc. was sold at a small loss and Patterson-UTI Energy Inc. was sold at a profit. While both companies have an expertise in difficult natural gas and energy extraction, industry margins are being crimped by massive supply with the success of shale oil/gas production. Lower prices may reduce profit margins and we decided to move to the sidelines.

Our original thesis in the banking sector was that a gradual tightening of money should improve margins on a regional basis. The regional banking sector is experiencing extraordinarily low and tight interest margin spreads. Although Allegheny Valley Bancorp Inc. appears to us to be well managed and risk adverse, the low interest rate environment is pressuring profitability. We applied them for avoiding risk but have sold the position at a small loss until we have better clarity on our interest rate outlook and a return to a more normalized interest rate environment.

<u>Darden Restaurant</u> was sold in March after an entrenched management battled with activist investors and disagreed over the proper course of action. While the battle rages on, we fear the inherent value of Darden is being degraded and decided to remove the position at a very small profit.

<u>Mako Surgical Corp.</u>, a medical device company, provided our largest gain of the year. They were purchased by a larger competitor, Stryker Corp with a gain of \$49,607, up approximately 125% from the purchase price. This one clearly soared above our modeled intrinsic value.

At this point in time, we are settled into a comfortable pace that will allow us to construct a deep value portfolio. Value investing demands discipline, patience and a certain callousness towards short term trends and fads. As you examine our annual report, please enjoy perusing our schedule of investments and examining the eclectic portfolio of value.

We would also like to share with you an interesting read, which illuminates an additional component on the investment process. Michael Lewis, a financial journalist, has written an exposé on High Frequency Trading (HFT) as described in Lewis' latest book **Flash Boys**, a **Wall Street Revolt**. With equal measure of poetic license and hyperbole, Lewis spins a yarn of what he considers the insidious world of High Frequency Trading.

By way of definition, HFT uses computer driven models to exploit small price discrepancies on various stock

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exchanges. HFT firms develop proprietary trading strategies that allow them to move in and out of positions in milliseconds, aiming to capture a fraction of a cent on each short-term trade. They typically avoid leverage and holding positions overnight: profits are generated by voluminous trading. High frequency traders seem to us most often to compete against other HFT firms, and thrive on volume, not fundamentals.

The rise in HFT coincides with a regulation passed in 2005 that was designed to open the market and provide investors with trading options other than the New York Stock Exchange and the Nasdaq. The theory was that more exchanges would mean greater competition and better pricing. In reality, more exchanges meant more opportunities to exploit small pricing anomalies among the markets. Today there are 16 registered stock exchanges and numerous dark pools (dark pools are in-house markets maintained by the larger firms). The key to successfully exploiting minute price discrepancies in these exchanges is speed. In a world measured in milliseconds, being the first to see order flow gives one a tremendous advantage over the competition. Lewis notes "Someone out there was using the fact that stock market orders arrived at different times at different exchanges to front-run orders." The predatory behavior of HFT traders adds no value to the investment or trading process. The combination of high frequency trading, dark pools and payment for order flow exaggerates volume but adds zero liquidity.

To put the need for speed in HFT in perspective, the earliest chapters of the book describe the unfathomable expenditures of time and money that HFT firms will deploy in order to gain an advantage measured in milliseconds in seeing market orders. Mr. Lewis estimates that Spread Networks, a start-up firm, spent over \$300 million to lay a secret fiber optic cable between Chicago and New Jersey, bypassing the conventional telecom carriers to gain time. The newer, faster optic line could then be leased to HFT firms at astronomical prices.

Another HFT strategy involved the payment of hundreds of millions of dollars each year to physically locate computer servers close to stock exchanges so that trades could be executed milliseconds ahead of others. Mr. Lewis argues that HFT systems glean critical information from the stream of trading data flowing into their systems: this allows them to see which stocks other investors want to buy before the investors' orders are executed. These systems and pricing tiers are designed specifically for high-speed trading. They are charging higher rates for faster speeds and more data for select clients. The more you pay, the faster you trade. In theory, the faster you trade, the more money you make.

The remainder of the narrative details the struggles of a small group of individuals to create an exchange that eliminates the advantages offered to HFT. Theoretically, the new electronic exchange (IEX) envisioned and developed by Brad Katsuyama will allow all investors the ability to trade at the same time, no matter what superfast fiber-optic cable others build to gain an advantage. It is a fascinating read.

While trading is an important component of portfolio management, it pales in comparison to the significance of solid fundamental research. Successful value investing at its core is a slow process, requiring exhaustive research and the patience to buy at discounted value. As value investors, we identify investment opportunities, often out of favor short-term and have the patience to stay the course. While a low turnover rate is important, we are quick to correct mistakes or make adjustments when necessary. We are pleased to open the fund with a 14.29% gain in our shorter initial fiscal year and look forward to adding value in the future.

Mark Rodgers Co-Manager Michael C. Rodgers Co-Manager

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IMPORTANT RISKS AND DISCLOSURES:

Mutual fund investing involves risk, including possible loss of principal. A value investing strategy involves the risk that undervalued securities may not appreciate as anticipated or will remain undervalued for long periods of time. Securities of micro-, small- and mid-capitalization companies may be more volatile and less liquid than those of large-cap companies due to limited resources or product lines and greater sensitivity to adverse economic conditions.

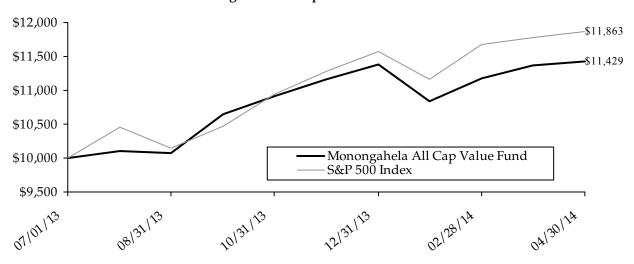
A MESSAGE TO OUR SHAREHOLDERS

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The views in this report were those of the Fund managers as of April 30, 2014 and may not reflect their views on the date this report is first published or any time thereafter. These views are intended to assist shareholders in understanding their investment in the Fund and do not constitute investment advice. This letter may contain discussions about certain investments both held and not held in the portfolio. All current and future holdings are subject to risk and to change.

The following chart reflects the change in the value of a hypothetical \$10,000 investment, including reinvested dividends and distributions, in the Monongahela All Cap Value Fund (the "Fund") compared with the performance of the benchmark, the S&P 500 Index (the "S&P 500"), since inception. The S&P 500 is a broad-based, unmanaged measurement of changes in stock market conditions based on the average of 500 widely held common stocks. The total return of the S&P 500 includes the reinvestment of dividends and income. The total return of the Fund includes operating expenses that reduce returns, while the total return of the S&P 500 does not include expenses. The Fund is professionally managed while the S&P 500 is unmanaged and is not available for investment.

Comparison of Change in Value of a \$10,000 Investment Monongahela All Cap Value Fund vs. S&P 500 Index



Average Annual Total Returns Periods Ended April 30, 2014	3 Month	6 Month	Inception 07/01/13
Monongahela All Cap Value Fund	5.44%	4.76%	14.29%
S&P 500 Index	6.23%	8.36%	18.63%

Since

Performance data quoted represents past performance and is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted. Investment return and principal value will fluctuate so that shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than original cost. For the most recent month-end performance, please call (855) 392-9331. As stated in the Fund's prospectus, the annual operating expense ratio (gross) was estimated to be 1.29%. However, the Fund's adviser has agreed to contractually waive a portion of its fees and to reimburse certain expenses to limit total operating expenses to 0.85% (excluding all taxes, interest, portfolio transaction expenses, dividend and interest expense on short sales, acquired fund fees and expenses, proxy expenses and extraordinary expenses), which is in effect until September 1, 2016. During the period, certain fees were waived and/or expenses reimbursed; otherwise, returns would have been lower. Shares redeemed or exchanged within 60 days of purchase will be charged a 1.00% redemption fee. The performance table and graph do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption of Fund shares.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

APRIL 30, 2014

Shares	Security Description		Value
Common Stock			
Communicatio			
1,550	Verizon Communications, Inc.	\$	72,432
	cretionary - 6.9%		00.200
	Coach, Inc.		89,300
1,900	Murphy USA, Inc. (a)		80,750
		-	170,050
Consumer Stap			40.000
,	Alico, Inc.		48,888
	Campbell Soup Co.		77,333
	Con Agra Foods, Inc. Dr. Pepper Snapple Group, Inc.		82,377 77 588
1,400	Dr. repper Shapple Group, Inc.		77,588
Energy - 8.8%			286,186
1,000	Apache Corp.		86,800
	Bolt Technology Corp.		67,520
500	Chevron Corp.		62,760
T' '1 = 4	0/		217,080
Financials - 7.1			92,200
	Aegon NV, ADR Susquehanna Bancshares, Inc.		92,200 82,880
0,000	Susquenanna bancsnares, mc.		
** 1:1.0	0/		175,080
Health Care - 1			01 470
1,000	Edwards Lifesciences Corp. (a) Eli Lilly & Co.		81,470 59,100
	Hanger, Inc. (a)		93,609
	Osiris Therapeutics, Inc. (a)		45,536
	Teleflex, Inc.		51,045
200	Teleficky Inc.	-	330,760
Industrials - 11			200,700
3,200	Aegion Corp. (a)		81,568
	Ampco-Pittsburgh Corp.		45,929
	CH Robinson Worldwide, Inc.		88,350
1,000	Triumph Group, Inc.		64,810
	-0.4		280,657
Materials - 10.7			70 100
	Allegheny Technologies, Inc.		72,100
	Freeport-McMoRan Copper & Gold, Inc.		68,740
	Newmont Mining Corp. The Mosaic Co.		62,075 62,550
1,250	The Wiosale Co.	-	265,465
	2.00/		203,403
Technology - 2			21 200
	Carning Inc.		31,280 66,912
	Corning, Inc. eBay, Inc. (a)		72,562
	F5 Networks, Inc. (a)		84,136
	Harris Corp.		22,056
	II-VI, Inc. (a)		96,480
	International Business Machines Corp.		98,235
	Netscout Systems, Inc. (a)		54,544
15,000	Schmitt Industries, Inc. (a)		43,200
Total Common	Charle		569,405
Total Common (Cost \$2,226,80)			2,367,115
Money Market			
144,465	Dreyfus Treasury Prime Cash		
	Management, 0.00% (b) (cost \$144,465)		144,465
Total Investme		ф	0 =44 =00
(Cost \$2,371,27		\$	2,511,580
	t Liabilities, Net – (1.3)%	<u> </u>	(33,047)
Net Assets – 10	/U	\$	2,478,533
C N.	F: :1C()		-

- ADR American Depositary Receipt
- (a) Non-income producing security.
- (b) Variable rate security. Rate presented is as of April 30, 2014.
- * Cost for federal income tax purposes is \$2,371,568 and net unrealized appreciation consists of:

Gross Unrealized Appreciation	\$ 203,424
Gross Unrealized Depreciation	(63,412)
Net Unrealized Appreciation	\$ 140,012

The following is a summary of the inputs used to value the Fund's investments as of April 30, 2014.

The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risks associated with investing in those securities. For more information on valuation inputs, and their aggregation into the levels used in the table below, please refer to the Security Valuation section in Note 2 of the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Valuation Inputs	estments in Securities
Level 1 - Quoted Prices	\$ 2,367,115
Level 2 - Other Significant Observable Inputs	144,465
Level 3 - Significant Unobservable Inputs	-
Total	\$ 2,511,580

The Level 1 value displayed in this table is Common Stock. The Level 2 value displayed in this table is a Money Market Fund. Refer to the Schedule of Investments for a further breakout of each security by industry.

There were no transfers among Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 for the period ended April 30, 2014.

PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

% of Total Investments Communications

Communications	2.9%
Consumer Discretionary	6.8%
Consumer Staples	11.4%
Energy	8.6%
Financials	7.0%
Health Care	13.2%
Industrials	11.2%
Materials	10.6%
Technology	22.6%
Money Market Fund	5.7%
•	100.0%

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

APRIL 30, 2014

ASSETS	
Total investments, at value (Cost \$2,371,272)	\$ 2,511,580
Receivables:	
Dividends	3,043
From investment adviser	15,050
Prepaid expenses	2,561
Deferred offering costs	 4,017
Total Assets	 2,536,251
LIABILITIES	
Payables:	
Investment securities purchased	31,602
Accrued Liabilities:	
Fund services fees	6,560
Other expenses	 19,556
Total Liabilities	 57,718
NET ASSETS	\$ 2,478,533
COMPONENTS OF NET ASSETS	
Paid-in capital	\$ 2,291,705
Undistributed net investment income	6,537
Accumulated net realized gain	39,983
Net unrealized appreciation	 140,308
NET ASSETS	\$ 2,478,533
SHARES OF BENEFICIAL INTEREST AT NO PAR VALUE (UNLIMITED SHARES AUTHORIZED)	 220,238
NET ASSET VALUE, OFFERING AND REDEMPTION PRICE PER SHARE*	\$ 11.25

 $^{^{\}ast}$ Shares redeemed or exchanged within 60 days of purchase are charged a 1.00% redemption fee.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS PERIOD ENDED APRIL 30, 2014*

INVESTMENT INCOME	
Dividend income (Net of foreign withholding taxes of \$91)	\$ 20,692
Total Investment Income	20,692
EXPENSES	
Investment adviser fees	10,434
Fund services fees	136,095
Custodian fees	6,855
Registration fees	1,059
Professional fees	22,530
Trustees' fees and expenses	52
Offering costs	20,083
Miscellaneous expenses	9,370
Total Expenses	206,478
Fees waived and expenses reimbursed	(194,654)
Net Expenses	11,824
NET INVESTMENT INCOME	8,868
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN	
Net realized gain on investments	61,129
Net change in unrealized appreciation on investments	140,308
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN	201,437
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS	\$ 210,305

^{*} Commencement of operations was July 1, 2013.

	July 1, 2013* through April 30, 2014			
OPERATIONS				
Net investment income	\$	8,868		
Net realized gain		61,129		
Net change in unrealized appreciation		140,308		
Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations		210,305		
DISTRIBUTIONS TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM				
Net investment income		(4,270)		
Net realized gain		(21,146)		
Total Distributions to Shareholders		(25,416)		
CAPITAL SHARE TRANSACTIONS				
Sale of shares		2,356,177		
Reinvestment of distributions		25,416		
Redemption of shares		(87,999)		
Redemption fees		50		
Increase in Net Assets from Capital Share Transactions		2,293,644		
Increase in Net Assets		2,478,533		
NET ASSETS				
Beginning of Period		-		
End of Period (Including line (a))	\$	2,478,533		
SHARE TRANSACTIONS				
Sale of shares		225,788		
Reinvestment of distributions		2,339		
Redemption of shares		(7,889)		
Increase in Shares		220,238		
(a) Undistributed net investment income	\$	6,537		
* Commencement of operations.				

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

These financial highlights reflect selected data for a share outstanding throughout the period.

These intuition ingringing refere selected data for a state outstanding unoughout the period.	July 1, 2013 (a) through April 30, 2014		
NET ASSET VALUE, Beginning of Period	\$ 10.00		
INVESTMENT OPERATIONS			
Net investment income (b)	0.06		
Net realized and unrealized gain	1.36		
Total from Investment Operations	1.42		
DISTRIBUTIONS TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM			
Net investment income	(0.03)		
Net realized gain	(0.14)		
Total Distributions to Shareholders	(0.17)		
REDEMPTION FEES (b)	(c)		
NET ASSET VALUE, End of Period	\$ 11.25		
TOTAL RETURN	14.29%(d)		
RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTARY DATA			
Net Assets at End of Period (000's omitted)	\$2,479		
Ratios to Average Net Assets:			
Net investment income	0.64%(e)		
Net expense	0.85%(e)		
Gross expense (f)	14.84%(e)		
PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATE	32%(d)		

⁽a) Commencement of operations.

⁽b) Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the period.

⁽c) Less than \$0.01 per share.

⁽d) Not annualized.

⁽e) Annualized.

⁽f) Reflects the expense ratio excluding any waivers and/or reimbursements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APRIL 30, 2014

Note 1. Organization

The Monongahela All Cap Value Fund (the "Fund") is a diversified portfolio of Forum Funds (the "Trust"). The Trust is a Delaware statutory trust that is registered as an open-end, management investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "Act"), as amended. Under its Trust Instrument, the Trust is authorized to issue an unlimited number of the Fund's shares of beneficial interest without par value. The Fund commenced operations on July 1, 2013. The Fund seeks total return through long-term capital appreciation and income.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of increases and decreases in net assets from operations during the fiscal period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates. The following summarizes the significant accounting policies of the Fund:

Security Valuation – Exchange-traded securities and over-the-counter securities are valued using the last quoted trade or official closing price, provided by independent pricing services as of the close of trading on the market or exchange for which they are primarily traded, on each Fund business day. In the absence of a sale, such securities are valued at the mean of the last bid and ask price provided by independent pricing services. Non-exchange traded securities for which quotations are available are valued using the last quoted sales price, or in the absence of a sale, at the mean of the last bid and ask prices provided by independent pricing services. Short-term investments that mature in 60 days or less may be valued at amortized cost.

The Fund values its investments at fair value pursuant to procedures adopted by the Trust's Board of Trustees (the "Board") if (1) market quotations are insufficient or not readily available or (2) the adviser believes that the values available are unreliable. The Trust's Valuation Committee, as defined in the Fund's registration statement, performs certain functions as they relate to the administration and oversight of the Fund's valuation procedures. Under these procedures, the Valuation Committee convenes on a regular and ad-hoc basis to review such securities and considers a number of factors, including valuation methodologies and significant unobservable inputs, when arriving at fair value.

The Valuation Committee may work with the adviser to provide valuation inputs. In determining fair valuations, inputs may include market-based analytics which may consider related or comparable assets or liabilities, recent transactions, market multiples, book values and other relevant investment information. Adviser inputs may include an income-based approach in which the anticipated future cash flows of the investment are discounted in determining fair value. Discounts may also be applied based on the nature or duration of any restrictions on the disposition of the investments. The Valuation Committee performs regular reviews of valuation methodologies, key inputs and assumptions, disposition analysis and market activity.

Fair valuation is based on subjective factors and, as a result, the fair value price of an investment may differ from the security's market price and may not be the price at which the asset may be sold. Fair valuation could result in a different NAV than a NAV determined by using market quotes.

The Fund has a three-tier fair value hierarchy. The basis of the tiers is dependent upon the various "inputs" used to determine the value of the Fund's investments. These inputs are summarized in the three broad levels listed below:

Level 1 — quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities

Level 2 — other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices of similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.)

Level 3 — significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APRIL 30, 2014

The aggregate value by input level, as of April 30, 2014, for the Fund's investments is included at the end of the Fund's Schedule of Investments.

Security Transactions, Investment Income and Realized Gain and Loss – Investment transactions are accounted for on the trade date. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date. Foreign dividend income is recorded on the exdividend date or as soon as possible after the Fund determines the existence of a dividend declaration after exercising reasonable due diligence. Income and capital gains on some foreign securities may be subject to foreign withholding taxes, which are accrued as applicable. Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis. Premium is amortized and discount is accreted using the effective interest method. Identified cost of investments sold is used to determine the gain and loss for both financial statement and federal income tax purposes.

Distributions to Shareholders – Distributions to shareholders of net investment income and net capital gains, if any, are declared and paid at least annually. Distributions to shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Distributions are based on amounts calculated in accordance with applicable federal income tax regulations, which may differ from GAAP. These differences are due primarily to differing treatments of income and gain on various investment securities held by the Fund, timing differences and differing characterizations of distributions made by the Fund.

Federal Taxes – The Fund intends to continue to qualify each year as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code and to distribute all of its taxable income to shareholders. In addition, by distributing in each calendar year substantially all of its net investment income and capital gains, if any, the Fund will not be subject to a federal excise tax. Therefore, no federal income or excise tax provision is required. The Fund files a U.S. federal income and excise tax return as required. A fund's federal income tax returns are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service for a period of three fiscal years after they are filed. As of April 30, 2014, there are no uncertain tax positions that would require financial statement recognition, de-recognition, or disclosure.

Income and Expense Allocation – The Trust accounts separately for the assets, liabilities and operations of each of its investment portfolios. Expenses that are directly attributable to more than one investment portfolio are allocated among the respective investment portfolios in an equitable manner.

Redemption Fees – A shareholder who redeems or exchanges shares within 60 days of purchase will incur a redemption fee of 1.00% of the current net asset value of shares redeemed or exchanged, subject to certain limitations. The fee is charged for the benefit of the remaining shareholders and will be paid to the Fund to help offset transaction costs. The fee is accounted for as an addition to paid-in capital. The Fund reserves the right to modify the terms of or terminate the fee at any time. There are limited exceptions to the imposition of the redemption fee.

Commitments and Contingencies – In the normal course of business, the Fund enters into contracts that provide general indemnifications by the Fund to the counterparty to the contract. The Fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is dependent on future claims that may be made against the Fund and, therefore, cannot be estimated; however, based on experience, the risk of loss from such claims is considered remote.

Offering Costs – Offering costs for the Fund of \$24,100 consist of fees related to the mailing and printing of the initial prospectus, certain startup legal costs, and initial registration filings. Such costs are amortized over a twelve-month period beginning with the commencement of operations of the Fund.

Note 3. Fees and Expenses

Investment Adviser – Rodgers Brothers, Inc. d/b/a Monongahela Capital Management (the "Adviser") is the investment adviser to the Fund. Pursuant to an investment advisory agreement, the Adviser receives an advisory fee from the Fund at an annual rate of 0.75% of the Fund's average daily net assets.

Distribution – Foreside Fund Services, LLC serves as the Fund's distributor (the "Distributor"). The Distributor is not affiliated with the Adviser or Atlantic Fund Administration, LLC (d/b/a Atlantic Fund Services) ("Atlantic") or their

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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affiliates. The Fund does not have a distribution (12b-1) plan; accordingly, the Distributor does not receive compensation from the Fund for its distribution (12b-1) services.

Other Service Providers – Atlantic provides fund accounting, fund administration, compliance and transfer agency services to the Fund. Atlantic also provides certain shareholder report production, and EDGAR conversion and filing services. Pursuant to an Atlantic services agreement, the Fund pays Atlantic customary fees for its services. Atlantic provides a Principal Executive Officer, a Principal Financial Officer, a Chief Compliance Officer, and an Anti-Money Laundering Officer to the Fund, as well as certain additional compliance support functions.

Trustees and Officers – The Trust pays each independent Trustee an annual retainer fee of \$45,000 for service to the Trust (\$66,000 for the Chairman). The Trustees and Chairman may receive additional fees for special Board meetings. Each Trustee is also reimbursed for all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with his duties as a Trustee, including travel and related expenses incurred in attending Board meetings. The amount of Trustees' fees attributable to the Fund is disclosed in the Statement of Operations. Certain officers of the Trust are also officers or employees of the above named service providers, and during their terms of office received no compensation from the Fund.

Note 4. Expense Reimbursements and Fees Waived

The Adviser has contractually agreed to waive a portion of its fee and reimburse certain expenses through September 1, 2016, to limit annual operating expenses to 0.85% (excluding all taxes, interest, portfolio transaction expenses, dividend and interest expense on short sales, acquired fund fees and expenses, proxy expenses and extraordinary expenses). Other Fund service providers have voluntarily agreed to waive a portion of their fees. The contractual waivers may be changed or eliminated at any time with the consent of the Board and voluntary fee waivers and expense reimbursements may be reduced or eliminated at any time. For the period ended April 30, 2014, fees waived and expenses reimbursed were as follows:

Investment Adviser Fees Investment Adviser				Tota	l Fees Waived and	
	Waived Expe		enses Reimbursed	Other Waivers	Exp	enses Reimbursed
\$	10.434	\$	113.616	\$ 70,604	<u>\$</u>	194,654

Note 5. Security Transactions

The cost of purchases and proceeds from sales of investment securities (including maturities), other than short-term investments during the period ended April 30, 2014, were \$2,631,335 and \$465,658, respectively.

Note 6. Federal Income Tax

On the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, as a result of permanent book to tax differences, certain amounts have been reclassified for the period ended April 30, 2014. The following reclassification was the result of non-deductible offering costs and has no impact on the net assets of the Fund.

Undistributed Net Investment Income	\$ 1,939
Paid-in Capital	(1,939)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APRIL 30, 2014

As of April 30, 2014, distributable earnings on a tax basis were as follows:

Undistributed Ordinary Income	\$ 46,816
Unrealized Appreciation	140,012
Total	\$ 186,828

The difference between components of distributable earnings on a tax basis and the amounts reflected in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities are primarily due to wash sales and the treatment of short-term capital gains.

Distributions paid during the fiscal period ended were characterized for tax purposes as follows:

	 2014	
Ordinary Income	\$ 25,416	

Note 7. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events occurring after the date of this report through the date these financial statements were issued have been evaluated for potential impact and the Fund has had no such events.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To Shareholders of Monongahela All Cap Value Fund and the Board of Trustees of Forum Funds

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities of the Monongahela All Cap Value Fund, a series of shares of beneficial interest in the Forum Funds, including the schedule of investments, as of April 30, 2014, and the related statements of operations, changes in net assets and the financial highlights for the period July 1, 2013 (commencement of operations) to April 30, 2014. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of April 30, 2014 by correspondence with the custodian and brokers. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Monongahela All Cap Value Fund as of April 30, 2014, and the results of its operations, the changes in its net assets and its financial highlights for the period July 1, 2013 to April 30, 2014, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

BBD, LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

BBA, Up

June 18, 2014

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (Unaudited)

APRIL 30, 2014

Proxy Voting Information

A description of the policies and procedures that the Fund uses to determine how to vote proxies relating to securities held in the Fund's portfolio is available, without charge and upon request, by calling (855) 392-9331 and on the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's (the "SEC") website at www.sec.gov. The Fund's proxy voting record for the most recent twelve-month period ended June 30 is available, without charge and upon request, by calling (855) 392-9331 and on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Availability of Quarterly Portfolio Schedules

The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the SEC for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. These filings are available, without charge and upon request on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov or may be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC. Information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling (800) SEC-0330.

Shareholder Expense Example

As a shareholder of the Fund, you incur two types of costs: (1) transaction costs, including redemption fees, and (2) ongoing costs, including management fees and other Fund expenses. This example is intended to help you understand your ongoing costs (in dollars) of investing in the Fund, and to compare these costs with the ongoing costs of investing in other mutual funds.

The example is based on an investment of \$1,000 invested at the beginning of the period and held for the entire period from November 1, 2013, through April 30, 2014.

Actual Expenses – The first line of the table below provides information about actual account values and actual expenses. You may use the information in this line, together with the amount you invested, to estimate the expenses that you paid over the period. Simply divide your account value by \$1,000 (for example, an \$8,600 account value divided by \$1,000 = 8.6), then multiply the result by the number in the first line under the heading entitled "Expenses Paid During Period" to estimate the expenses you paid on your account during the period.

Hypothetical Example for Comparison Purposes – The second line of the table below provides information about hypothetical account values and hypothetical expenses based on the Fund's actual expense ratio and an assumed rate of return of 5% per year before expenses, which is not the Fund's actual return. The hypothetical account values and expenses may not be used to estimate the actual ending account balance or expenses you paid for the period. You may use this information to compare the ongoing costs of investing in the Fund and other funds. To do so, compare this 5% hypothetical example with the 5% hypothetical examples that appear in the shareholder reports of other funds.

Please note that the expenses shown in the table are meant to highlight your ongoing costs only and do not reflect any transactional costs, such as redemption fees. Therefore, the second line of the table is useful in comparing ongoing costs only, and will not help you determine the relative total costs of owning different funds. In addition, if these transactional costs were included, your costs would have been higher.

	Beginning Account Value November 1, 2013			Ending Account Value		enses During	Annualized Expense	
			April 30, 2014		Period*		Ratio*	
Actual	\$	1,000.00	\$	1,047.57	\$	4.32	0.85%	
Hypothetical (5% return before taxes)	\$	1,000.00	\$	1,020.58	\$	4.26	0.85%	

^{*} Expenses are equal to the Fund's annualized expense ratio multiplied by the average account value over the period, multiplied by the number of days in the most recent fiscal half-year divided by 365 to reflect the half-year period.

MONONGAHELA ALL CAP VALUE FUND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (Unaudited) APRIL 30, 2014

Federal Tax Status of Dividends Declared during the Tax Year

For federal income tax purposes, dividends from short-term capital gains are classified as ordinary income. The Fund designates 27.93% of its income dividend distributed as qualifying for the corporate dividends-received deduction (DRD) and 28.51% for the qualified dividend rate (QDI) as defined in Section 1(h)(11) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Fund also designates 83.20% as short-term capital gain dividends exempt from U.S. tax for foreign shareholders (QSD).

Trustees and Officers of the Trust

The Board is responsible for oversight of the management of the Trust's business affairs and of the exercise of all the Trust's powers except those reserved for the shareholders. The following table provides information about each Trustee and certain officers of the Trust. Each Trustee and officer holds office until the person resigns, is removed, or is replaced. Unless otherwise noted, the persons have held their principal occupations for more than five years. The address for all Trustees and officers is Three Canal Plaza, Suite 600, Portland, Maine 04101. Mr. Keffer is considered an Interested Trustee due to his affiliation with Atlantic. The Fund's Statement of Additional Information includes additional information about the Trustees and is available, without charge and upon request, by calling (855) 392-9331.

				Number of Series of		
Name and Year of Birth	Position with the Trust	Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Fund Complex ¹ Overseen by Trustee	Other Directorships Held by Trustee	
Independent Trustees						
J. Michael Parish Born: 1943	Chairman of the Board; Trustee; Chairman, Nominating Committee and Qualified Legal Compliance Committee	Since 1989 (Chairman since 2004)	Retired since 2003.	24	0	
Costas Azariadis Born: 1943	Trustee	Since 1989	Professor of Economics, Washington University since 2006.	24	0	
James C. Cheng Born: 1942	Trustee; Chairman, Audit Committee	Since 1989	President, Technology Marketing Associates (marketing company for small- and medium-sized businesses in New England) since 1991.	24	0	
David Tucker Born: 1958	Trustee	Since 2011	Director, Blue Sky Experience since 2008; Senior Vice President & General Counsel, American Century Companies 1998-2008.	28	Trustee, Forum Funds II and Forum ETF Trust	
Interested Trustee John Y. Keffer ² Born: 1942	Trustee; Vice Chairman	Since 1989	Chairman, Atlantic since 2008; President, Forum Foundation (a charitable organization) since 2005; President, Forum Trust, LLC (a non- depository trust company chartered in the State of Maine) since 1997.	28	Director, Wintergreen Fund, Inc.; Trustee, Forum Funds II and Forum ETF Trust	
Officers Stacey E. Hong Born: 1966	President; Principal Executive Officer	Since 2008	President, Atlantic since 2008.	N/A	N/A	
Karen Shaw Born: 1972	Treasurer; Principal Financial Officer	Since 2008	Senior Vice President, Atlantic since 2008.	N/A	N/A	
Zachary Tackett Born: 1988	Vice President; Secretary; Anti-Money Laundering Compliance Officer	Since 2014	Associate Counsel, Atlantic since 2014; Intern Associate, Coakley & Hyde, PLLC, 2010-2013.	N/A	N/A	
Michael J. McKeen Born: 1971	Vice President	Since 2009	Senior Vice President, Atlantic since 2008.	N/A	N/A	
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¹The Fund Complex includes the Trust, Forum Funds II and Forum ETF Trust and is overseen by different Boards of Trustees.

²Atlantic is a subsidiary of Forum Holdings Corp. I, a Delaware corporation that is wholly owned by Mr. Keffer.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (Unaudited)

APRIL 30, 2014

Name and Year of Birth	Position with the Trust	Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Number of Series of Fund Complex Overseen by Trustee	Other Directorships Held by Trustee
Officers (continued)					
Timothy Bowden Born: 1969	Vice President	Since 2009	Manager, Atlantic since 2008.	N/A	N/A
Geoffrey Ney Born: 1975	Vice President	Since 2013	Manager, Atlantic since 2013; Senior Fund Accountant, Atlantic, 2008-2013.	N/A	N/A
Todd Proulx Born: 1978	Vice President	Since 2013	Manager, Atlantic since 2013; Senior Fund Accountant, Atlantic, 2008-2013.	N/A	N/A

FOR MORE INFORMATION:

P.O. Box 588
Portland, ME 04112
(855) 392-9331 (toll free)
mcmvalue.ta@atlanticfundservices.com

www.Moncapfund.com

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DISTRIBUTOR

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This report is submitted for the general information of the shareholders of the Fund. It is not authorized for distribution to prospective investors unless preceded or accompanied by an effective prospectus, which includes information regarding the Fund's risks, objectives, fees and expenses, experience of its management, and other information.

211-ANR-0414